## BETTER CARE FOR STATE BUILDINGS

Special Joint Committee Filed Lengthy Report In Senate Yesterday.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Duties of Register of Land Office Transferred to Secretary of the Commonwealth.

After numerous delays the special joint committee appointed to investigate the sethods of earing for the public grounds and buildings, yesterday filed its report to be printed for the benefit of the members. No further action was nan of the committee to introduce three hills carrying out the recommendations

The Times-Dispatch a few days ago th the exception that the duties of the Register of the Land Office are ansferred to the Secretary of the Com-onwealth instead of to the State Libradan, as was at first contemplated. This was a late change deemed advisable by the committee. The report goes very thoroughly into the subjects with which it deals and touches upon matters of very considerable interest to the lawmakers as well. It reads as follows:

considerable interest to the lawmakers as well. It reads as follows:

To the Senate and House of Delegates of Viginla:
The undersigned, your special committee, appointed to make inquiry and investigation, concerning the best method to provide for the proper care of the buildings and grounds at the seat of government, and also as to the advisability of separating the office of register of the land office from that of the superintendent of public buildings and grounds, respectfully submits the following report:

1st. Pursuant to said resolution your committee made a thorough investigation of the buildings and grounds, and is of the opinion that the care and outstody of the buildings and grounds wholl be under the care and control of the superintendent of public buildings and grounds.

2nd. That all employes and others whose duty it is to clean said buildings, operate elevators, mechaery, enginess and beliers, and all those who are in any manner employed for this purpose should be and remain, under the control of the superintendent of public buildings and grounds; and subject to be discharged by him for failure to perform the duties assigned.

3d. That during the session of the Gen.

charge to appoint their successors as here, in provided.

4th. That the lights on the exterior of the Capitol building are on the same circuit with the lights in the corridor of the camenation of the lights on the outside in burning of the lights on the outside in the daytime. Your committee, therefore, is of the onlinion that all the lights on the exterior of the building should be changed as soon as possible, so as to form one circuit, separate and distinct, from the circuit upon which the lights on the literior of the building are placed.

5th. That the system of heating in the Library building should be changed, and the same system Installed as is now in use in the Capitol building. The system now in use in the said Library building should be changed, and the same system lestabled as its now in the capitol building. The system now in use in the said Library building being what is known as the "hot alr' bystem, making it almost impossible to keep the said building clean, and, as the bower plant has a capacity sufficient to heat the Library building with steam heart your committee recommends the installation of this improved system of heating and electric lighting in the Library building as soon as practicable.

5th. That the Library building needs rainting and frescoing, but your committee would not recommend that this be done until after the change in the heating and lighting has been completed.

7th. That the boilers in the Library building, which have not been used since the creation of the heat and power plant, should be sold, and the proceeds from the sale thereof should be used in making necessary changes, which, in the opinion of your committee, should be raide at the power-house.

8th. That the certain changes should be made at the power-house in regard to transferring the scales from the east end of the same to the north side thereof and that the coal bin for the power-room be changed by removing the brick walls.

"A descendant of the Danes, a nation of coffee drinkers, I used coffee freely till I was 29 years old," writes a clergyman from Iowa. "At that time I was a student at a Biblical Institute, and suddenly became aware of the fact that my nerves had become demoxalized, my brain dull and sluggish and that insomnia was fastening its hold upon me.

"I was loath to believe that these things came from the coffee I was drinking, but at last was forced to that conclusion, and quit it.

"I was so accustomed to a hot table beverage and felt the need of it so much, that after abstaining from coffee for a time and recovering my health. I went back to it. I did this several times, but always with disastrous results, I had about made up my mind that coffee-was a necessary evil.

"About this time a friend told me that I would find Postum Food Coffee very fine and in moursessenting the start of the start of

"About this time a friend told me that I would find Postum Food Coffee very fine and in many respects away ahead of coffee. So I hought some and, making it very carefully according to the directions, we were delighted to find that he had not exaggerated in the least. From that day to this we have liked it better than the old kind of coffee or anything else in the way of a table drink.

"Its use gave me, in a very short time and the properties of the public school in the way of a table drink."

# Nervous Worn-Out

If you are in this condition, your nerve force is weak-the power is giving out, the or-gans of your body have "slowed up," and do their work imperfectly. This failure to do the work required, clogs the system and brings distress and disease. When the nerves are weak the heart is unable to force the life-giving blood through your veins; the stomach fails to digest food; the kidneys lack power to filter impurities from the blood, and the poisonous waste remains in the system to breed disease. Nerve energy must be restored. because it strengthens the

nerves; it is a nerve medicine and tonic, that rebuilds the entire nervous system. down. I was nervous, worn-out, could not sleep, and was in constant pain. I doctored for months, and finally the doctor said he could do nothing for me. I began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine, and used altogether eight bottles, and I became strong and healthy, and now weigh 170 pounds."

16 Ellsworth Ave., Allegheny, Pa. Dr. Miles' Nervine, is easily the country of the

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold by your drugglst, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails, he will refund your money. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind

in order that the strain on the present tengines will not be so grent, and so that it will not be necessary to run all of the engines at one time. The power plant is now operated by running both engines when all of the lights are turned on, and in the event of the instaliation of another engine, your committee is of the opinion that the power which operates the elevator at the Capitol building should be connected with an independent circuit, for instance, a circuit upon which the lights on the public grounds are connected, so that when the switch is thrown on in operating the elevator that it will not effect the lights in the public buildings, as is now the case.

Joth, That as soon an uracticable the grounds should be lighted from the power-house, and also the Library building furnished with lights from the same source. If the That the swith board now in the basement of the Capitol building should be changed to the power plant, where the engineers could have access to the said switch board without going from the power olant to therCapitol, as is now the case, and, further, that the smaller switch boards without going from the power olant to therCapitol, as is now the case, and, further, that the smaller switch boards without power than the public with locks, so that the said switch boards can be operated only by those in possession of the keys.

Ich Your committee is of the opinion, and so reports, that the use of convicts on the public grounds and in the public buildings he equipped with locks, so that the said switch boards with light said lock

on changed by removing the brick wall, and that the coal bin be arranged immediately in the rear of the scale, so as to enable the delivery of toal, after being weighed, immediately to the bollernoom by way of said counter, than by shoveling it in at the window, as is now being done.

9th. That owing to the fact that the clevator at the Capitol is run by a 20-th orse-power motor, and that the power house; and owing to the fact that other lights at the Library and on the public grounds are to be furnished from the owner, house, your committee recommends that an additional engine be installed in the power-house as seon as practicable

A NECESSARY EVIL.

### Experience of a Minister Who Tried To Think That of Coffee, TO VISIT THE BLUE TO VISIT THE BLUES

else in the way of a table drink.

"Its use gave me, in a very short time, an increase in strength, clearness of brain and steadiness of nerves; and sleep, rostful and restoring, came back to me.

"I am thankful that we beard of Postum, and shall be glad to testify at Harry webster, U. S. N., will deliver the third lesture of the Night deliver the Night deliver the Night deliver the Night deliver the Nigh

## FIGHTING HARD FOR NEW SCHOOL

Hon. Blackburn Smith Points Out the Advantages of Front Royal For Location,

### COMES TO HELP HIS PEOPLE

Important Action Taken By Senate Committees-Mr. Byrd Talks.

Mr. Blackburn Smith, who represented the legislative district of Clarke and Warren for two sessions in the House of Delegates, is in the city, looking out for he interests of Front Royal's candidacy for one of the proposed new female normal

He said to a Times-Dispatch reporter at Murphy's last night:

"The people in my section are very much interested in the normal school matter, and are bending every effort toward securing one of the proposed schools for Front Royal.

one school, then we want that one. On the other hand, if three new female nor-

mals are decided upon, we want one of the three.

"The Front Royal and Riverton Board of Trade has just issued a hand map of the State, upon which are indicated the localities and institutions receiving annual appropriations from the State treasury.

With the flood of bills cut off, Senate committees are rapidly winding up their work, and the last sessions of more than one have already been held. Eight meetings were held yesterday, beginning in the morning and running through the arre-

ings were held yesterday, organizing in the morning and running through the afternoon and evening, and several were of considerable importance, notably (the hearing before the Courts Committee, referred to at length elsewhere.

Among the bills acted upon by the Committee on Roads and Internal Navigation were two of widespread interest. The committe decided to report adversely the Machen bill, designed to protect the traveling public by regulating the hours of labor and of rest of certain rullroad employes. Officials and employes of several roads both appeared in opposition to the measure. The committe reports favorably the St. Clair bill, allowing the State Corporation Commission, for good and sufficient cause, to suspend the restrictions governing the running of railroad trains on Sunday.

strictions governing the running of rail-road trains on Sunday.

The Committe on Fish and Game re-ported adversely the Sadler bill, provid-ing for a State game commissioner and wardens; also with an amendment, but with recommendation that it do not pass, the House bill abolishing the office of chairman of the Board of Fisheries and the creation of a State Fish Commis-sioner.

tions reported favorably the Hobbs amendment to the Constitution, providamendment to the Constitution, providing for the election of half the membership of the Senate every two years, instead of all every four years, as is now
the law.

The Committee on General Laws took
up a number of matters. The House
slot-machine bill was reported favorably,
with some amendments.

for a first reader, printed here in Riccimond, when the same book is shipped
to Texas and sold for 20 cents in cloth
and 15 cents in board backs? Who is
it that forces Virginia parents to pay
\$1.15 for a geopraphy that can ne
bought in North Carolina and Texas
for 88 cents? What secret process
makes a second reader worth only 25
cents in Georgia, when the Virginia
child has to pay 40 cents for it?
"Why, even here in Richmond the childer have to pay 8 cents for blank sheets
of paper bound up and called "Spelling
Blanks," when there are several similar
booklets of an equal number of pages
offered and sold elsewhere for 5 cents.
The General Assembly should, in my
judgment, give this matter a through investigation through a committee empowered to learn the truth, in order that
the people of Virginia may know once
for all why these things are allowed,
and who is guilty of such an outrage on
the public school patrons."

The House yesterday set next Tuesday at 12:30 o'clock as the hour to take up House bill No. 122, relating to physicians' license taxes as a special order. As it takes a two-thirds vote to make a special order, and as the friends of the bill claim that three-fourths of the members have promised to vote for it, the committee of the Medical Society of Virginia claim that unless something unforescen occurs this extra tax on doctors will be repealed.

Dr. Charles V. Carrington, surgeon of the penitentiary, has firinted a long communication, calling attention to certain alloged needs at that institution.

In a nutshell, Dr. Carrington's recommendations are thus summed up:

1: An arsenal and armory building with rooms above same, for the night guards, to cost \$10,000.

2. A kitchen and four storerooms and tallor shop, which will cost \$15,000.

3. A two-story dining room, costing \$25,000.

4. The necessary funds with which to sink an artesian well.

## OLD SORES AND UNDERMINE Old Sores that refuse to heal are a constant TIHE HEALTH

Old Sores that refuse to heal are a constant in the file of the part of the system of its very life fluids, and those afflicted with one of these ulcers grow despondent and almost desperate as one treatment after another fails. They patiently apply salves, wishes, plasters, etc., but in spite of all these the sore refuses to heal and eats deeper into the surrounding flesh, destroying the tissues and growing to be a festering, inflamed and angry mass. The source of the trouble is in the blood. This vital fluid is filled with impurities and poisons which are constantly being discharged into the sore or ulcer, making it impossible for the place to heal. It will not do to depend on external applications for a cura, because they do not reach the real cause, and valuable time is lost experimenting with such treatment; the most they can do is keep the ulcer clean. Any sore that will not heal is

the real cause, and valuable time is lost experimenting with such treatment; the most they can do is keep the ulcer clean. Any sore that will not heal is dangerous, for the reason that it may have the fleadly germs of Cancer behind it. A cure can be brought about only through, a remedy that can change the quality of the blood, and this is what S. S. S. does. It goes to the very bottom of the trouble, drives out the poisons and germs with which it is filled, and purifies and builds up the entire circulation. By the use of S. S. S. the sore is supplied with new, rich blood which corrects the trouble, soon stops the discharge, and allows the place to heal naturally and permanently.

PURELY VEGETABLE.

S. S. also reinvigorates the entire system, and where the constitution has been depleted or

broken down it quickly builds it up and restores perfect health. Write for our special book on sores and ulcers, and any medical advice you are in need of; no charge for either.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

In Addition to a Fine of One Hundred Dollars, Justice Crutchfield Imposes the Jail Sentence.

John McCarthy, who, it was alleged cept a disorderly house at No. 310 North by Justice Crutchfield yesterday mornng. McCarthy entered a plea of guilty and the minimum punishment was ins-

posed.

Some time ago Patrolman Wiley, who was on the beat at the time, learned of the existence of a gaming establishment in McCarthy's place. With several other officers, he mided the place late at night and caught McCarthy and a man named Welsh, Welsh was discharged in the Weish. Weish was discharged in the Police Court and McCarthy's case wen to the Hustings Court. On a technicality the case was dismissed, and a new war-rant was sworn out from the Police Court. Upon the charge of conducting a "common gaming house," McCarthy was fined.

### ON RELIGIOUS TRAINING. Dr. Smith Lectures to Standay

school Workers. Dr. W. W. Smith, Secretary of the New York Sunday school commission, address d. last night, in the Episcopal rooms, re-conference of ministers and Sunday school superintendents on the work that is being accomplished by the commission of which he is a member.

superintendents on the work that is being accomplished by the commission of which he is a member.

To a large gathering of ministers and laymen he explained the workings of the new system advanced by the commission, saying that the commission had been created at the instance of Bkinbop Potter, who had noticed that the Sinday schools were fulling in performing the work that lay before them and that the work that lay before them and that the work is the second of comping in increasing numbers, were beginning to full off in their attendance. Dr. Sinth showed that the work is being conducted on scientific principles and along much-the same lines followed in the day schools. After much work to have religious training made in part of the public school work, which had falled in great part, the church had estomolish this end.

The first essentials, he said, are a study of the child's potentiality sand environment. With these known as a workable basis, the teacher may hope to obtain a large degree of success. He outlined the work in all its various stages, giving the different processes and methods that must be used according to the development of the child's mind at the different mental ages. The commission has gotten out as set of small books, which are used in the various departments, and the subjects of religion are taught from these as text

O'CARTHYPLEADS GUILTY;

Boo'ks, just as the child is prepared for the commission, he said, has revo, constitution leading school work, and far sympter and more lasting results are being obtained through its medium, br. Smith will conduct a conference of primary teachers in Grace Church lecture room at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

### CARNIVAL A SUCCESS.

Great Many Take Part, With Bright Costumes.

Bright Costumes.

The Mardi Gras carnival in the big skating rink at the Reservoir Tuesday night was, to many, the great event of the season. Masked kings and queens, and others, were there. There was Alphonso and Gaston, the two Katzemjammer Kids, the Buster Browns, the soldiers and the sailors, the rough-riders and the cowboys, the Indian braves and their squaws, and—well they were all in costume. One hundred and eighty-four couples were in the grand march. The

their squaws, and—well they were all in costume. One hundred and eighty-four couples were in the grand march. The march was led by Mr. H. M. Mercer and Miss Virginia Morton, he as a colonel on Governor Swanson's staff, and she as the queen of flowers.

Mayor Carlton McCarthy and Mr. Samuel Cohen were the judges.

The following were the prize winners in the various events. Most graceful skaters, Miss Becky Schwartzber and H. W. Pollard, first; H. M. Aercer and Miss Virginia Morton, second; couples in handsomest costume, Miss Howard Hartzell and J. R. Horne, first; Miss Alma Evans and Robin Frayser, second; best comic costumed couple, Nathan and Miss Kate Bernstein, first; Miss Essle Roberson and Parker Dillard, second; ladies' pretitest costume, Miss Nannle Frayser, first; Miss Edna Lobse, second; most comically costumed lady, Miss Irene Redford, first; Miss Helen Maxwell, second; gentlemen's most comical costume, Joe Perry, first; Peter Pachi, second. All the prizes were handed the winners immediately after the contests were ended.

### To Take Office Shortly.

General Charles J. Anderson yesterday received his commission from Governor Swanson as adjutant-general for four years from March 1, 2008. General Anderson will not take charge of the office until the Senate adjourns, and he will then tender his resignation

The State penitentiary has been quarantined against the public. The order was posted Monday by Superintendent Morgan and will hold until the smallpox situation in Virginia is improved.

Former County Judge Paris V. Jones and Mr. J. S. McClanahan, of Craig county, are in the city and are at the Lexington Hotel. They called yesterday upon their representative, Hon. N. E. Spessard.

MORTHWESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Name of the company in full-THE NORTHWESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Location of home or reincipal office of said company—MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN.

Character of the budiess transacted by the company—MILWAUKEE WISCONSIN.

President—H. L. PALMER.
Secretary—C. H. WATSON,

Organized and incorporated—MARCH, 185.

Commanced business—NOVEMBER 25, 1849.

Name of the General Agent in Virginia—T. ARCHIBALD CARY; residence, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

48,356,782 00 

Amount of losses paid #7,717,118-98

Amount of matured endowments paid #7,717,118-98

Amount of matured endowments paid #7,717,118-98

Amount paid annultants #7,717,118-98

Premium notes wided by lapse #7,718-97

Amount paid for surrender values #8,725,017,120

Amount paid for surrender values #7,718-97

Amount paid for surrender values #7,818-97,119

Amount paid for expenses—(Including tases #7,817,15) #7,946,38; ad Justment of real cestal values \$18,574,69

Zamount paid for expenses—(Including tases #7,817,15) #7,946,38; ad Justment of real cestal values \$18,574,69

Expense of examination by Insurance Commissioners #7,946,38; 39 | ASSETS | Section | Asset | Asset

BUSINESS IN VIRGINIA DURING 1905. Total Defect number and amount which have ceased to be in force during 423 851.616 60 Total number and amount of policies in force at end of year 1905.... 7.515 \$16.343.598 69 Total .....

Amount of losses and claims on policies paid uring the year 1905.

Amount of losses and claims on policies paid uring the year 1905.

Solution of the year properties of the year of year of the year of year of the year of year

State of Wisconsin, city of Milwauken es; Not before HAMILTON, Notary Public.

## T. ARCHIBALD CARY,

General Agent for Virginia and North Carolina, 1201 N ain Street, - - Ric

ROSTON INSURANCE COMPANY, OF BOSTON, MASS. NIGAL STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1995, OF THE CON-DITION AND APPAIRS OF THE BOSTON INSURANCE COMPANY, OF BOSTON, MASS. ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MASSACHUSETTS, MADE TO THE AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA, IN PURSUANCE TO THE LAWS OF VIRGINIA. President-RANSOM B. FULLER.
Secretary-THOMAS H. LORD.
Principal Office-No. 127 MILK STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
Organized or incorporated, DECEMBER 23, 1875; commenced business, JANUARY 25, 1874.

Value of real estate owned by the company.

Loans on mortgage (duly recorded and being the first liens on the fee simple)

Loans on mortgage (first liens) upon which more than one year's interest is due.

Loans on mortgage (first liens) upon which more than one year's interest is due.

Loans on mortgage (first liens) upon which more than one year's interest is due.

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BE OF MOTIGAGED PREMISES (INSURED FOR 1891,595 AS CONTACTAL). II. 412,595 60
SEAND STOCKS OWNED ABSOLUTELLY BY THE COMPANY.

BONDS AND STOCKS OWNED ABSOLUTE BONDS,—Maturity.

Ilty of Boston—July 1, 1969.

Ilty of Boston—April 1, 1969.

Ilty of Boston—April 1, 1910.

Ilty of Boston—Water Supply—Oct. 1, 1929.

Ilty of Boston Park Loan—June 1, 1921.

Ilty of Newton—April 1, 1920.

Ilty of Newton—April 1, 1920.

Ilty of Savannah, Ga.—Feb. 1, 1969.

Iltaie of Georgia—July 1, 1915.

Interest of Georgia—July 1, 1915.

Interest of Georgia—July 1, 1915.

Interest of Georgia—July 1, 1925.

State of Georgia—July 1, 1925.

State of Georgia—July 1, 1925.

State of Georgia—July 1, 1925.

Albany and Susquehanna R. R. Co.—April 1, 1946. State of German Albany and Susquebanna R. R. Co.—April 4 1946 Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe R. R. Co.— Oct. 1, 1995. Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe R. R. Co., Adjustment—July I. 1995. Boston and Lowell R. R. Co.—April 1, 1932... Chicago, Burlington and Quincy R. R. Co.— Feb. 1, 1922. 25,000.00 1953 New York Central and Hudson River R. R. Co. (Lake Shore)—Feb. 1, 1989 Northern Maine Seaport R. R. Co.—April 1, 1935 44,750 00 1938 Seanort R. R. Co.—April 1, Old Colony R. R. Co.—Dec. 1, 1925. Oreson Short Line Ry. Co.—Feb. 1, 1922. Oreson Short Line Ry. Co., Convertible—July 1, 1944. Pennsylvania R. R. Co., Convertible—Nov. 1, 1912. 10,000 00 1912
Pennsylvania R. R. Co., Convertible—Oct. 1, 215
Southern Ry. Co.—Jan. 1, 1951
West Shore R. R. Co.—Jan. 1, 1284
Wisconsin contral Co.—July 1, 1949.
Eastern Stock.

Eastern and Lowelle R. R. tock.

Eastern and Lowelle R. R. tock.

Eostern and Lowelle R. R. Co. preferred stock.

Connecticut and Passumpsic R. R. Co. preferred stock.

Delaware and Hudson Co. Rights, stock.

Fitchburg R. R. Co. preferred stock.

Nanchester and Lawrence R. R. Co. stock.

N. Northern Maine Seapert R. R. Co. stock.

New York. New Haven and Hartford R. R.

Co. stock.

Northern Maine Seapert R. R. Co. stock.

Old Colony R. R. Co. stock.

Wisconsin Central Ry. Co. common stock.

Atlantic Bank stock.

Everly Bank stock.

Everly Bank stock.

Erremany Bank stock.

First Bank Stock.

Freemany Bank stock. 10,375 00 Pennsylvania R. R. Co., Convertible-Oct. 1. 100,000 00 183,500 00

2. Description of Collateral Value
Hoston Safe Deposit and Trust Co. 18.7
Eastern Steamship Co. 18.7
E Total par and market value, and amount

Aggregate amount of all assets of the company, stated at their actual value, 34,430,294 63

Gross claims for adjusted and unpaid losses due and to become due. \$13,545.6 Gross losses in process of adjustment, or in suspense, including all reported and supposed losses. Losses reslated, including interest, costs and other expenses thereon ... 3,60.60

Net amount of unpul losses.

Net amount of unpul losses, the state of policy, including interest running one year or less from date of policy, including interest premiums on perpetual fire risks, 1492,59.91; unearned premiums (So per cent.)

Gross premiums received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks running more than one year from date of policy, 8843,124.23; uncarned premiums (pro rata) (pro pata).

Gross premiums (including both cash and bills) received and receivable upon all unexpired marine and inland navigation risks, \$15,-35,91; uncarned premiums (00 per cent.).

Gross premiums (cash and bills) received and receivable on all unexpired marine and inland navigation risks. \$15,-35,91; uncarned premiums (00 per cent.). 

Total unearned premiums

Commissions, brokerage and other charges due and to become due to agents and brokers, on premiums paid and in course of collection, \$13,082.71; contingent salvage, \$2,977.50; reinsurance, \$4,418.15

Total amount of all liabilities, except capital stock and net surplus \$1,299.000 to 1,000.000 

RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.

Gross premiums and bills unpaid at close of lisst year ... Marine and Inland. lisst year ... None. \$175.688.71

Aggregate amount of receipts actually received .during the year in cash ..... \$1.832.174 19 DISBURSEMENTS DURING THE YEAR.
Fire, Murine and Inland.

Gross amount actually paid for losses (including \$233,515,55 losses occurring in previous years)

Deduct all amounts actually received for salvage (whether on losses of the last or of previous years). \$37,568 63; and all other amounts actually received for easurance of the previous years). \$37,569 63; and all other amounts actually received for reasurance of the previous years). \$37,569 63; and all other amounts actually received for reasurance of the previous years). \$37,569 63; and all other amounts actually received for reasurance of the previous years). \$37,569 63; and all other amounts actually received for reasurance of the previous years).

Not amount paid during the year for Not amount paid during the year for 1503,769.72 4579,865.15 153,660.00 1508.888 150,660.00 1508.789.72 150,600.00 150,600 

Aggregate amount of actual disbursements during the year, in cash .......... 31.588,495 24 BUSINESS IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA DURING THE YEAR.

Marine and inland.

Risks written

Premiums received (gross)

Losses paid

(Signed)

(Signed)

RANSOM B. FULLER. President.

(Signed)

THOMAS H. LORD. Secretary.

State of Massachusetts, city of Boston-ss:
Sworn to, January 25, 1964, before
FREEMAN NICKERSON, Notary Public.

T. L. ALFRIEND & SON, Agents, 1115 East Main Street.